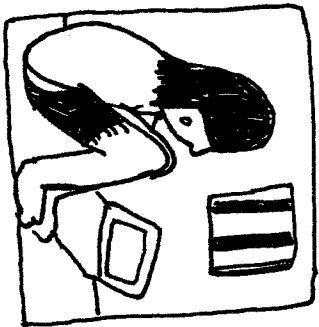


COMPOST

④ benefits environment by recycling organic resources, reducing air + water pollution from refuse trucks + runoff, + extending life of our landfills

- ① saves \$ by replacing store-bought soil conditioners
- ② helps garden + house plants grow by improving fertility of soil
- ③ saves water by helping soil hold moisture + reducing water runoff

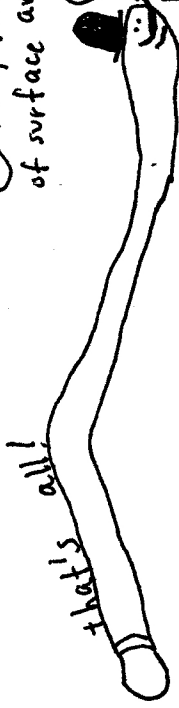


... it's easy to do your part

is awesome for small, tight CITY apartments

YOU NEED

- plastic bin, 10-16" deep w/ holes in bottom for ventilation (storage bin kind) + lid
- "red worms" or "red wigglers" (can get at worm farm) 1/2 - 1 lb
- tray to put bin on
- newspaper, 6 & w
- soil



that's all!

Why compost, anyway?

! STEPS

- ① tear up newspaper into 1" strips, fluff up, moisten w/ water
- ② fill bin 3/4 full of strips and sprinkle w/ few handfuls of soil
- ③ add worms + 1 lb of fruit/veggie trimmings, under newspaper
- ④ wait 2 weeks, worms need to get used to new home

⑤ then, feed about 1 lb/sq ft of surface area of bin each week

⑥ change for fresh bedding layer every month or so

Kate made this.

Yang's eco science class 2009

HOW TO

⑦ after 2-3 months, you can start harvesting!



scoop out compost, worms and all.
lay some plastic down and separate your worms
— put worms back w/ fresh newspaper + soil!



Your compost can be used for outdoor + indoor plants



sprinkle 1/4" - 1" of compost to base of your plants
— you can do worm composting indoors and it shouldn't smell, don't add meat, dairy, or grease, and be nice to your worm pals.

Happy Composting!